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## FISCAL MANAGEMENT GOALS

The quantity and quality of learning programs are related to the funding provided and the effective, efficient management of those funds. It follows that the District's purposes can best be achieved through prudent fiscal management.

Due to resource limitations, there is sometimes a temptation to operate so that fiscal concerns overshadow the educational program. Recognizing this, it is essential that the Board take specific action to make certain that education remains central and that fiscal management contributes to the educational program. This concept is incorporated into Board operations and into all aspects of District management and operation.

As trustees of the community's investment in the facilities, materials and operational funds, the Board has a fiduciary responsibility to ensure that the investment is protected and used wisely. Competent personnel and efficient procedures are essential for sound management of fiscal affairs. The Board expects that the Superintendent and the Treasurer keep it informed through reports, both oral and written, of the fiscal management of the District.

With the assistance of the Treasurer and other designated personnel, the Superintendent is expected to develop an efficient and effective procedure for fiscal accounting, purchasing and the protection of plant, grounds, materials and equipment through prudent and economical operation, maintenance and insurance.

The Board seeks to achieve the following goals:

1. to engage in thorough advance planning, with staff and community involvement, in order to develop budgets and to guide expenditures to achieve the greatest educational returns for the dollars expended;
2. to establish levels of funding which provide high quality education for the District's students;
3. to use the best available techniques for budget development and management;
4. to provide timely and appropriate information to all staff with fiscal management responsibilities and
5. to establish effective procedures for accounting, reporting, business, purchasing and delivery, payroll, payment of vendors and contractors and all other areas of fiscal management.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

## ANNUAL BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS MEASURE

### Budget

The purpose of the annual tax budget is to enable the county budget commission to establish tax rates and serve as the basis for certification of revenue to the District.

The annual tax budget is regulated and controlled by State law and requirements of the county budget commission. The Board may establish additional budget requirements for funds at its disposal.

The Treasurer, Superintendent and their staffs are responsible for the preparation of the annual budget and presentation of the budget to the Board for adoption.

### Appropriations

As permitted by law, at the start of the fiscal year, the Board may pass a temporary appropriations measure to provide for meeting the ordinary expenses of the District until such time as the Board approves the annual appropriations resolution for the year, which is not later than October 1. If by October 1 the county budget commission has not certified all amended certificates of estimated resources to the Board of Education (or submitted a certification that no amended certificates are necessary), the Board can delay action on the annual appropriation measure until such time as the certificates are received.

The Treasurer files both the temporary and final appropriations measures at the proper times with the office of the County Auditor.

The Superintendent/designee notifies each school administrator and/or department head of the allocations approved for expenditure.

### Budget Modification

Modification of funds between line item appropriations within each major fund and any transfers permitted by law from major fund to major fund require Board approval.

### Transfers Among Categories

During the final quarter of the fiscal year, appropriations categories are examined and the year-end status of each is estimated. Before the close of the fiscal year, the Board authorizes the Treasurer to transfer monies from those categories in which a surplus is anticipated into those in which a deficit is anticipated as permitted by State or Federal statutes.

Transfers among funds as permitted by statutes require Board action and may require approval from the Court of Common Pleas and the Tax Commissioner.

It is the responsibility of the Superintendent and the Treasurer to examine the appropriations categories and make the necessary recommendations to the Board.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

(Revised date: May 18, 2004)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.34  
3311.40  
3313.18  
5705.14; 5705.15; 5705.16; 5705.28; 5705.29; 5705.35-5705.412

BUDGET PLANNING  
(Five-Year Forecast)

Budget planning is an integral part of program planning so that the annual operating budget may effectively express and implement all programs and activities of the District. Budget planning is a year-round process involving broad participation by administrators, teachers and other personnel throughout the District.

The Superintendent and Treasurer are responsible for preparing financial forecasts for at least four years beyond the current fiscal year.

The five-year forecast is prepared twice a year and filed with the Ohio Department of Education. The initial filing is due on or before November 30 and an update by May 31. The five-year forecast is updated as often as necessary in order to communicate significant changes in the District's financial position.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: October 2, 2018)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 5705.01; 5705.28-5705.32; 5705.35; 5705.36; 5705.37; 5705.39; 5705.391

CROSS REFS.: AE, School District Goals and Objectives  
BCF, Advisory Committees to the Board

*THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY*

## BUDGET ADOPTION PROCEDURES

If, as a result of the public hearing, it should be determined that certain changes in the budget are necessary, these changes will be made before the budget is adopted. The adoption of the budget by the Board takes place on or before January 15 and is by roll-call vote.

Following the public hearing and approval of the budget by the Board, the budget is submitted to the county budget commission for review and approval.

It is the responsibility of the Superintendent, members of his/her staff and the Treasurer to attend the hearing of the Richland County Budget Commission to review the budget and answer any pertinent questions.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 5705.28  
5705.30

## BUDGET TRANSFER AUTHORITY

Transfer of funds among appropriation accounts within each major fund, and any transfers permitted by law from major fund to major fund, will require Board action.

### Transfers Between Categories

During the final quarter of the fiscal year, appropriation categories will be examined and the year-end status of each will be estimated. Before the close of the fiscal year, the Board may authorize the Treasurer to transfer moneys from those categories in which a surplus is anticipated into those in which a deficit is anticipated as permitted by statute.

It will be the responsibility of the Superintendent and the Treasurer to examine the appropriation categories and make the necessary recommendations to the Board.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 5705.14; 5705.16; 5705.40



## FUNDING PROPOSALS AND APPLICATIONS

The Board considers whether to apply for any State or Federal grants for which it is eligible. The Superintendent/designee evaluates federally funded programs and State grants, including their possible benefits to the students in the District and appraises the Board of the worth of each and makes recommendations accordingly.

The District participates to its limit of eligibility in the use of funds provided by the state for the educational benefit of its students.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REF.: ORC 3313.20

## REVENUES FROM TAX SOURCES

In an attempt to provide sufficient financial resources, the Board:

1. requests that voters approve adequate local funds for the operation of the District and determines the amount of the individual levies at the time of the initial request, or at the time of a request for renewal or replacement, to yield sufficient revenue for the operating expenses of the District;
2. accepts available State funds to which the District is entitled by law or through regulations of the State Board of Education and
3. accepts Federal funds which are available, provided that there is a specific need for them and that the required matching funds are available.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: March 18, 2014)

LEGAL REFS.: Ohio Const. Art. XII, Section 2  
ORC 3301.07  
3311.21  
3313.17 through 3313.20; 3313.29; 3313.51  
3317.01-3317.11  
3323.09  
Chapters 5701; 5705; 5727  
5748.01-5748.06

## ADMINISTRATION OF FEDERAL GRANT FUNDS

The Board accepts federal funds, which are available, provided that there is a specific need for them and that the required matching funds are available. The Board intends to administer federal grant awards efficiently, effectively and in compliance with all requirements imposed by law, the awarding agency and the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) or other applicable pass-through entity.

The Board directs the Treasurer to develop, monitor, and enforce effective financial management systems and other internal controls over federal awards that provide reasonable assurances that the District is managing the awards in compliance with all requirements for federal grants and awards. Systems and controls must meet all requirements of Federal law and regulation, including the Uniform Guidance issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and any applicable state requirements, and shall be based on best practices.

All individuals responsible for the administration of a federal grant or award shall be provided sufficient training to carry out their duties in accordance with all applicable requirements for the federal grant or award.

The financial management systems and internal controls must provide for:

1. identification of all federal funds received and expended and their program source;
2. accurate, current, and complete disclosure of financial data in accordance with federal requirements;
3. records sufficient to track the receipt and use of funds;
4. effective control and accountability over assets to assure they are used only for authorized purposes and
5. comparison of expenditures against budget.

In addition, written procedures must be established for cash management and for determining the allowability of costs, as required by the Uniform Guidance.

At a minimum the financial management systems and internal controls will address the following areas:

1. Allowability

Costs charged by the school system to a federal grant must be allowed under the individual program and be in accordance with the cost principles established in the Uniform Guidance, including how charges made to the grant for personnel are to be determined. Costs will be charged to a federal grant only when the cost is:

- A. reasonable and necessary for the program;
- B. in compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and grant terms;
- C. allocable to the grant;
- D. adequately documented and
- E. consistent with District policies and procedures that apply to both federally-funded and non-federally funded activities.

Internal controls will be sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that charges to federal awards for personnel expenses are accurate, allowable, and properly allocated and documented.

Controls include time and effort reporting in accordance with Uniform Guidance and the requirements of ODE or other applicable pass-through-entity. Records are sufficient to verify that time spent and compensation (including salary and benefits) are allocable to the fund.

2. Cash Management and Fund Control

Payment methods must be established in writing that minimize the time elapsed between the draw down of federal funds and the disbursement of those funds. Standards for funds control and accountability must be met as required by the Uniform Guidance for advance payments and in accordance with the requirements of ODE or other applicable pass-through-entity.

3. Procurement

Prior to July 1, 2018, the District followed the requirements outlined in previous OMB guidance. Effective July 1, 2018 all purchases for property and services made using federal funds must be conducted in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations, the Uniform Guidance, and the District's written policies and procedures.

The District avoids situations that unnecessarily restrict competition and avoids acquisition of unnecessary or duplicative items. Individuals or organizations that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, and/or invitations for bids, requests for proposals, or invitations to negotiate, are excluded from competing for such purchases. The District performs a cost and price analysis for every procurement over the established simplified acquisition threshold.

Contracts are awarded only to responsible contractors possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. Consideration is given to such matters as contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources. No contract is awarded to a contractor who is suspended or debarred from eligibility for participation in federal assistance programs or activities.

The District takes all necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible. The affirmative steps taken include:

- A. Placing qualified small and minority business and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;
- B. Ensuring that small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;
- C. Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises;
- D. Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, that encourage participation by small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises;
- E. Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of organizations such as the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the U.S. Department of Commerce;
- F. Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed above.

The District also complies with all Buy American provisions where applicable.

Purchasing records are sufficiently maintained to detail the history of all procurements and must include at least the rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, and contractor selection or rejection; the basis for the contract price; and verification that the contractor is not suspended or debarred.

4. Conflict of Interest and Mandatory Disclosures

The District complies with the requirements of State law and the Uniform Guidance for conflicts of interest and mandatory disclosures for all procurements with federal funds.

Each employee, board member, or agent of the school system who is engaged in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by a federal grant or award and who has a potential conflict of interest must disclose that conflict in writing to the Treasurer. The Treasurer discloses in writing any potential conflict of interest to ODE or other applicable pass-through-entity.

A conflict of interest would arise when the covered individual, any member of his/her immediate family, his/her partner, or an organization, which employs or is about to employ any of those parties has a financial or other interest in or receives a tangible personal benefit from a firm considered for a contract. A covered individual who is required to disclose a conflict will not participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by a federal grant or award.

Employees, Board members, or agents of the District will not solicit or accept any gratuities, favors, or items from a contractor or a party to a subcontractor for a federal grant or award. Violations of this rule are subject to disciplinary action.

The Treasurer discloses in writing to ODE or other applicable pass-through-entity in a timely manner all violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuities potentially effecting any federal award. The Treasurer fully addresses any such violations promptly and notifies the Board accordingly.

5. **Equipment and Supplies Purchased with Federal Funds**  
Equipment and supplies acquired with federal funds will be used, managed, and disposed of in accordance with applicable state and federal requirements. Property records and inventory systems shall be sufficiently maintained to account for and track equipment that has been acquired with federal funds.
6. **Accountability and Certifications**  
All fiscal transactions must be approved by the Treasurer/designee who can attest that the expenditure is allowable and approved under the federal program. The Treasurer submits all required certifications.
7. **Monitoring and Reporting Performance**  
The Treasurer will establish sufficient oversight of the operations of federally supported activities to assure compliance with applicable federal requirements and to ensure that program objectives established by the awarding agency are being achieved. The District submits all reports as required by federal or state authorities.

[Adoption date: July 19, 2016]  
(Revision date: August 15, 2017)  
(Revision date: December 19, 2017)  
(Revision date: October 2, 2018)  
(Revision date: March 5, 2019)  
(Revision date: September 21, 2021)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.314  
                  117.101; 117.43  
                  3313.33; 3313.46 and 3319.04  
                  5705.39; 5705.41; 5705.412  
                  2 C.F.R. Part 200

CROSS REFS.: BBFA, Board Member Conflict of Interest  
                  BCC, Qualifications and Duties of the Treasurer  
                  DI, Fiscal Accounting and Reporting  
                  DID, Inventories  
                  DJ, Purchasing  
                  DJC, Bidding Requirements  
                  DJF, Purchasing Procedures  
                  DK, Payment Procedures  
                  EF/EFB, Food Services Management/Free and Reduced-Price Food Services  
                  GBCA, Staff Conflict of Interest  
                  IGBJ, Title I Programs

## REVENUES FROM INVESTMENTS

### Scope

The Board directs that the investing authority of the District resides with its Treasurer. This policy is designed to cover all monies under the control of the Board.

### Objectives and Guidelines

The following investment objectives are applied in the management of the District's funds:

1. **Liquidity:** The investment portfolio remains sufficiently liquid to enable the Treasurer to meet reasonably anticipated operating requirements.
2. **Safety:** Investments are undertaken in a manner consistent with State law, which seeks to ensure the preservation of public funds.
3. **Income:** The Treasurer strives to achieve a fair and safe rate of return on the investment portfolio over the course of budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account State law, safety considerations and cash flow requirements.
4. **Diversification:** The investment portfolio should be diversified in order to avoid incurring potential losses regarding individual securities that may not be held to maturity, whether by erosion of market value or change in market conditions.
5. **Prudence:** Investments are made with judgment and care – under circumstances then prevailing – which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.
6. **Bank Accounts:** Relationships with banks are managed in order to secure adequate services while minimizing costs. Deposits should be concentrated in single accounts except where audit control considerations dictate otherwise.



### Authorized Financial Institutions and Dealers

U.S. Treasury and agency securities purchased outright are made only through a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, through a bank, savings bank or savings and loan association regulated by the Superintendent of Financial Institutions or through an institution regulated by the Comptroller of the Currency, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or board of governors of the Federal Reserve System.

1. Repurchase agreements are transacted through banks and/or eligible dealers consistent with State law.
2. Certificates of deposit are transacted through commercial banks or savings and loans with FDIC coverage, and qualify as eligible financial institutions under State law.

### Maturity

To the extent possible, the Treasurer attempts to match the District's investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow requirement, the Treasurer will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase.

### Derivatives

Investments in derivatives are strictly prohibited. A derivative means a financial instrument or contract or obligation whose value or return is based upon or linked to another asset or index, or both, separate from the financial instrument, contract or obligation itself. Additionally, any security, obligation, trust account or instrument that is created from an obligation of a federal agency or instrumentality or is created from both is considered a derivative instrument.

### Allowable Investments

The Treasurer may invest in any instrument or security authorized in State law as amended. A copy of the appropriate section of the Ohio Revised Code is kept with this policy.

### Collateral

All deposits are collateralized pursuant to State law.

### Reporting

The Treasurer reports and maintains records of all investments and deposits.

All brokers, dealers and financial institutions initiating transactions with the investment authority by giving advice or executing transactions initiated by the investment authority must acknowledge their agreement to abide by the investment policy's content.

Internal Controls

The investing authority establishes a system of internal controls, which are documented in writing. The internal controls are reviewed periodically by an independent auditor. The controls are designed to prevent loss of public funds due to fraud, employee error and imprudent actions by employees and officers of the District.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002 ]  
(Revision date: February 17, 2015)

LEGAL REFS.: Intergovernmental Cooperation Act  
ORC 135.01 through 135.21  
3313.51

*THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY*

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURES  
(Use of Facsimile Signatures)

The Treasurer authorizes designated depositories to honor any instrument bearing an authorized facsimile signature in a form as he/she may designate and to charge the same to the account as fully as though it bore a manually written signature.

A facsimile signature includes, but is not limited to, the reproduction of any authorized signature by a copper plate or a photographic, photostatic or mechanical device. Written notice of the adoption of a facsimile signature is provided to the depositories. The notice includes a description of the device to be used and a sample of the facsimile signature. Written approval must be received from the depository before the facsimile signature can be used.

The Board purchases a surety bond to protect the loss of any public funds.

Adoption date: December 4, 2018

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.10 through 9.12; 9.14  
1306.06

*THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY*

## BONDED EMPLOYEES AND OFFICERS

At the time of appointment or re-appointment of the Treasurer, the Board authorizes the Treasurer to execute a bond in an amount determined and approved by the Board. The bond must be deposited with the Board President and a copy certified by him/her must be filed with the County Auditor. The premium is paid by the Board.

The Superintendent, Board President and employees who handle school funds are included, at Board expense, in a position schedule bond. Position schedule bonds pertain to a specific position, not to an individual.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3.06  
131.18  
3313.25; 3313.83  
3319.05  
5705.412

CROSS REF.: DM, Cash in School Buildings

## FISCAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

The District's accounting system is in conformance with the Uniform School Accounting System as prescribed by the Auditor of State for the use of school districts, federal funds also are accounted for in conformance with the Uniform Guidance issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget and any applicable state requirements. The Treasurer is responsible for receiving and properly accounting for all funds of the District.

The financial records must be adequate to:

1. guide the making or deferring of purchases, the expansion or curtailing of programs and the controlling of expenses;
2. ensure that current data are immediately available and in such form that routine summaries can be readily made;
3. serve as a guide to budget estimates for future years and to hold expenditures to the amounts appropriated and
4. show that those in charge have handled funds within limitations established by law and in accordance with Board policy.

The Board receives monthly financial statements from the Treasurer which show receipts, disbursements, appropriations, encumbrances, balances, assets and liabilities. The Treasurer makes all other financial reports required by law or by State or federal agencies and submits them to the proper authorities.

The Treasurer provides the Board with any other financial management reports that the Board determines necessary.

Financial records are permanent. The supporting documents may be destroyed only in compliance with the provisions of Ohio law and in compliance with specifications of the District's records commission, the Auditor of State and the Ohio Historical Society.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: August 15, 2017)  
(Revision date: December 19, 2017)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 117.101; 117.38; 117.43  
3301.07  
3313.29; 3313.32; 3313.94  
3315.04; 3315.13  
Chapter 1347  
Chapter 5705  
2 C.F.R. Part 200

CROSS REFS.: DECA, Administration of Federal Grant Funds  
EHA, Data and Records Retention

## TYPES OF FUNDS

### Textbook and Instructional Materials Fund

The Board maintains a Textbook and Instructional Materials Fund. The fund is accounted for within the District's General Fund, using a reasonable accounting method implemented under the Auditor of State's guidelines as they are currently enacted. The requirement may be less than 4% for a particular fiscal year.

This fund is used for textbooks, instructional software, materials, supplies and equipment. Any money in the fund that is not used in a fiscal year is brought forward to the next fiscal year. The amount brought forward is not intended to meet the set aside requirement for the current fiscal year.

The percentage of revenues on deposit, as well as the definition of what constitutes textbooks and instructional materials, is subject to applicable rules to be jointly adopted by the State Auditor and the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The fund may be used for other purposes if both of the following steps occur during a fiscal year.

1. All of the following individuals must certify, in writing that the District has sufficient textbooks, instructional software, materials, supplies and equipment to ensure a thorough and efficient education within the District.
  - A. the Superintendent;
  - B. a person designated by vote of the business advisory council (in districts where required) and
  - C. the president of the teacher's union (or designee), if applicable.
2. The entire Board must unanimously adopt a resolution stating that the District has sufficient textbooks and instructional software, materials, supplies and equipment to ensure a thorough and efficient education within the District.

### Capital and Maintenance Fund

The Capital and Maintenance Fund consists of 4% of all revenues received that would otherwise have been deposited in the General Fund, except that money received from a permanent improvement levy may be used to meet this requirement. Money in this fund may only be used as provided by Ohio law. The fund is implemented under the Auditor of State's guidelines as they are currently enacted; therefore, the requirement may be less than 4% for a particular fiscal year.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3315.17; 3315.18

CROSS REFS.: BHD, Board Member Compensation and Expenses  
DBD, Budget Planning  
HA, Negotiations  
IGDJ, Interscholastic Athletics  
IIAA, Textbook Selection and Adoption

INVENTORIES  
(Fixed Assets)

The Board, as steward of this District's property, recognizes that efficient management and full replacement upon loss requires accurate inventory and properly maintained property records.

The District shall conduct a complete inventory every five years, by physical count, of all District-owned equipment and supplies. The physical count requirement may be satisfied by completing an internal process of verifying the current inventory by classroom/location and updating the Fixed Asset Tracking System with the findings from this verification. For purposes of this policy, "equipment" means a unit of furniture or furnishings, an instrument, a machine, an apparatus or articles which retain shape and appearance with use, is nonexpendable and does not lose its identity when incorporated into a more complex unit. For purpose of items purchased with federal funds, equipment is defined as tangible, nonexpendable personal property having a useful life of more than one year with an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit.

This District shall maintain a fixed asset accounting system. The fixed asset system shall maintain sufficient information to permit:

1. preparation of year-end financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
2. adequate insurance coverage and
3. control and accountability.

Each building and additions to buildings are identified by location or name and are described in detail (e.g., size, number of floors, square footage, type of construction, etc.) with the value shown for all individual structures.

Fixed equipment is inventoried by building, floor and room name or number; each item is to be listed individually. (Leased equipment that the District will eventually own must be inventoried.)

Movable equipment is inventoried by building, floor and room name or number; each item is to be listed individually. Any item that has a model number or serial number has that number noted in the description for full identification. All items assigned to a building are the building administrator's responsibility.

All equipment purchased, after the initial inventory, as capital outlay or replacement with a cost of \$500.00 or more and with an estimated useful life of five years or more is tagged and made part of the equipment inventory. Items purchased having a value of \$3,000.00 or more will be capitalized and depreciated over the life of the item. Property records and inventory systems are sufficiently maintained to account for and track equipment acquired with federal funds.



Audio-visual equipment and computer equipment are inventoried through the library with sublisting of location. Each component is inventoried and a number is engraved on each. An accurate official record of textbooks, computer software and library books is kept.

A computer-generated listing of all equipment is supplied to each building and department. This listing is updated annually by the close of the school year, or not later than the second Friday in June of each year. This updated listing is then submitted to the Treasurer's office for computer update.

A physical inventory of supplies is taken at the building level at the close of the school year, or not later than the second Friday in June of each year. This updated listing is then submitted to the Treasurer's office for computer update.

The Treasurer is assisted by the principals, directors, supervisors and professional and support staffs in the performance of this function.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: January 7, 2014)  
(Revision date: August 15, 2017)  
(Revision date: August 7, 2018)

LEGAL REF.: ORC 117.38  
2 C.F.R. Part 200

CROSS REF.: DECA, Administration of Federal Grant Funds

## AUDITS

In accordance with State statutes, all District financial records are subject to audit by the Bureau of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices of the State Auditor's office. The Board has the right to request an independent audit with the approval of the State Auditor's office.

A copy of the Auditor's report is placed on file in the State Auditor's office; another copy is submitted to the Board. The Board makes the audit report available for public inspection.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 117.10; 117.11; 117.12; 117.26; 117.27; 117.28  
3313.29

## PURCHASING

The function of purchasing is to serve the educational program by providing the necessary supplies, equipment and services. The Board's authority for the purchase of materials, equipment, supplies and services is extended to the District administration through the detailed listing of such items compiled as part of the budget-making process and approved by the Board through its adoption of the annual appropriations resolution.

The Board declares its intention to purchase competitively without prejudice and to seek maximum educational value for every dollar expended. The purchase of items and services on such lists requires no further Board approval except in those instances where by law or Board policy the purchases or services must be put to bid.

The Board authorizes "blanket and super blanket" purchase orders to be issued for generic supplies for up to \$175,000.00. Blanket purchase orders will not extend beyond the current fiscal year.

A "super blanket": purchase order for a "specific" permitted purpose and in an amount not to exceed the line-item appropriation and fund, is authorized to the extent permitted by law. The permitted purpose list may include payment for accountants, architects, attorneys, construction project managers, consultants, engineers, fuel oil, gasoline, food items and utilities. The super blanket purchase order may not extend beyond the current fiscal year.

In an effort to bring about the smooth and efficient operation of the school system, the Board will pass, at its first meeting of the school fiscal year, specific authorizations for the procurement of supplies, equipment and services for the budget year and for the disposal of obsolete equipment and materials.

The acquisition of supplies, equipment and services is centralized in the business office, which functions under the supervision of the purchasing agent through whose office all purchasing transactions are conducted.

The Board assigns to the purchasing agent the responsibility for the quality and quantity of purchases made. The Treasurer is charged with the responsibility to ensure that all purchases do not exceed appropriations and that they are consistent with the approved educational goals and programs of the District and are conducted in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: July 17, 2012)  
(Revision date: October 2, 2018)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.171; 3313.172; 3313.18; 3313.29; 3313.31; 3313.33; 3313.37;  
3313.46  
3319.04  
3327.08  
5705.38; 5705.40; 5705.41; 5705.412  
Ohio Const. VIII, § 2e  
2 C.R.R. Part 200

CROSS REFS.: DECA, Administration of Federal Grant Funds  
DJC, Bidding Requirements  
DJF, Purchasing Procedures  
DK, Payment Procedures

## PETTY CASH ACCOUNTS

The Board may direct the Treasurer to create petty cash accounts allowing certain administrators to make purchases within the District. Money can be drawn from accounts by check or debit card. The Treasurer designates who can use the accounts, the amount of money that may be placed in the accounts as well as the procedures and requirements for replenishing the accounts.

Account access is limited to only those individuals who have a job-related need to use these accounts. Any person using the accounts must keep a written log which is to be turned in each day.

Annually, the Treasurer establishes the amount of money to be placed in the accounts. The Treasurer's approval is needed to replenish the accounts. No major purchases may be made from the accounts.

Any administrator who ignores procedures and does not take prudent measures to ensure that proper security is maintained, may be held personally liable for losses.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: October 2, 2018)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.22; 9.38  
3313.291

CROSS REF.: DM, Cash in School Buildings

*THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY*

## BIDDING REQUIREMENTS

Contracts for construction or demolition of buildings or for any improvements or repairs which exceed **\$50,000** are let only after bids are solicited and received in compliance with law. However, if the Board enters into a shared savings contract for energy conservation measures, competitive bidding is not required. The Board may also enter into an installment payment contract for the purchase and installation of energy conservation measures and competitive bidding does not need to be utilized if two-thirds of the entire Board adopts a resolution stating that competitive bidding does not apply to the project.

If feasible, all purchases over \$15,000 and not otherwise subject to required federal or state bidding requirements will be based on price quotations submitted by at least three vendors. These quotations are treated confidentially until the deadline for filing is past; thereafter, they are public information.

The Treasurer assembles the proper specifications and makes the necessary arrangements for public bidding and price quotations. The Treasurer receives the bids and price quotations and records them. The Treasurer makes his/her recommendations to the Board. Upon approval by the Board, the Treasurer processes purchase orders to those bidders awarded contracts and notifies the other bidders of the results of the bidding.

Purchases made through the use of federal funds are made in compliance with the requirements of State and Federal law and District policies and procedures including the applicable bidding requirements.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: November 18, 2008)  
(Effective date: July 1, 2018)  
(Revision date: October 2, 2018)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.314  
153.01; 153.12 through 153.14; 153.50 thru 153.56  
3313.372; 33313.373; 3313.46  
3319.04  
2 C.F.R. Part 200

CROSS REF.: DJ, Purchasing  
DJF, Purchasing Procedures  
ECF, Energy Conservation  
FA, Facilities Development Goals  
FEF, Construction Contracts Bidding and Awards

## PURCHASING PROCEDURES

Monies under the jurisdiction of the Board may not be expended except upon a warrant drawn against a specific appropriation and against a specific fund. Therefore, no contract or purchase order for the expenditure of money will be made unless there is attached to it a certificate of the Treasurer certifying that the amount required to meet the contract or purchase order has been appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection and is free from previous encumbrance.

Any contract or purchase order issued without such a certificate attached is void, except as the law allows later issuance within 30 days of the certificate and except that, if the amount involved is less than \$1,000, the Treasurer may authorize it to be paid without the ratification or affirmation of the Board. Under certain conditions, the law also allows the Treasurer to issue blanket certification, subject to limitations of time and amount as set by law.

Purchasing procedures are designed to ensure the best possible price for the desired products and services. Procedures for purchasing are developed to require that all purchases are made on properly approved purchase orders and that, for items not put up for bid, price quotations are solicited.

In compliance with the State Use Law, the Board directs the administration to determine if products and services needed by the District may be purchased from the Ohio Industries for the Handicapped. If applicable, the District will purchase products and/or services from the OIH.

Special arrangements may be made for ordering perishable and emergency supplies.

Prior to July 1, 2018, the District followed the requirements outlined in previous OMB guidance. Effective July 1, 2018 all purchases for property and services made using federal funds are conducted in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations, the Uniform Guidance, and the District's written policies and procedures.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revision date: August 15, 2017)  
(Revision date: October 2, 2018)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.46  
3327.08  
5705.41; 5705.412; 5705.44  
2 C.F.R. Part 200

CROSS REFS.: DECA, Administration of Federal Grant Funds  
DJ, Purchasing  
DJC, Bidding Requirements

## PURCHASING PROCEDURES

### General

1. The Board designates the Superintendent as the purchasing agent.
2. Only the persons designated by the Board may commit the system to a purchase.
3. The materials, equipment, supplies and/or services to be purchased are of the quality required to serve the function in a satisfactory manner, as determined by the requisitioner and the Superintendent.
4. It is the responsibility of the requisitioner to provide an adequate description as required by the Superintendent, so that the latter may be able to prepare the specification and to procure most expeditiously and economically the desired commodity and/or service. A source of supply should be included on requisitions for specialty or unusual items.
5. It is the responsibility of the Superintendent to make alternate suggestions to the requisitioner if, in the judgment of the Superintendent, the specification would restrict competition or otherwise preclude the economical purchase of the required items. In the case of disagreement, either party may refer the matter in accordance with established procedure.
6. When a low bidder proposed an alternate as equal to that specified, it is the responsibility of the Treasurer to determine whether the proposed substitution is, in fact, an equal. Such decision is based on his/her evaluation and that of the requisitioner. In case of disagreement between the requisitioner and the Treasurer, either party may refer the matter to the Superintendent.

### Request for Requisitions and Requisitions

1. The District establishes a standardized requisition procedure to allow authorized representatives to submit requests for the purchase of materials and supplies.
2. The following are designated as “requisitioner”; that is, they are authorized to issue requisitions against stipulated segments of budgetary appropriations: the Superintendent, administrative assistants/secretaries, directors, supervisors and buildings principals. Each requisitioner is responsible for limiting his/her requisitions to the appropriate amounts.
3. Only forms provided by the Treasurer are used for requisitioning.



4. A requisition, to be considered appropriate for processing, meets the following requirements:
  - A. contains adequate information and
  - B. is approved by and bears the signature of an authorized requisitioner.
5. All approved requisitions are submitted to the Treasurer which can be by electronic means.
6. After a purchase order has been issued by the Treasurer's office, the number of the purchase order is recorded on the requisition which can be by electronic means.
7. After processing, the original copy of the requisition is filed in the office of the Treasurer.

#### Purchase Orders

1. Purchase orders are prepared by the Treasurer's office and must be signed by the Superintendent and the Treasurer.
2. Purchase orders are numbered and prepared in sets of four copies, each to be used as follows:
  - A. white copy to vendor.
  - B. yellow and green copies returned to the requisitioner. The green copy is returned to the Treasurer after the order is received, checked and verified and
  - C. pink copy is kept in the Treasurer's office.
3. Verbal confirmation orders subject to subsequent confirmation by a written purchase order may be issued only in cases in which a bona fide emergency situation exists which can be handled only by this procedure:
  - A. Whenever possible, a purchase order number should be given to the supplier.
  - B. A confirming requisition is issued immediately, marked "confirmation" indicating the purchase order number, if one was given.

#### Federal Procurement

Purchasing of goods and services using federal funds must be done in accordance with the above procedures and also in accordance with all federal requirements including allowability of costs. All purchases must be reasonable and free of conflicts of interest and conducted in a manner providing full and open competition.

No purchase will be made using federal funds unless the District verifies that the contractor is not suspended or debarred.

To determine which procurement method type is required, the District will estimate the expected cost follow the methods below based upon that expected cost.

Once the threshold has been established, the following methods of procurement will be used for all purchases of goods and services made with federal funds.

#### Informal Procurement Methods

1. Micro-purchases are purchases up to \$10,000 and may be made in accordance with District purchasing procedures when the costs are reasonable, based on research, experience, purchase history or other information and documents. To the maximum extent practicable, these purchases are distributed equitably among qualified suppliers.
2. Small purchase are purchases between \$10,000 and \$250,000. Prior to authorizing the purchase, the District will obtain price rates or quotations from a minimum of three vendors or providers. The District will obtain these price rates or quotations by obtaining quotes verbally, in writing, or by using a price list from the vendor which may be from their website.

#### Formal Procurement Methods

1. Sealed bid procedures are used for firm fixed price contracts over \$250,000 and is used as the preferred method for construction projects. Bids are solicited from an adequate number of known suppliers, which cannot be less than two responsible bidders. The District will solicit bids by following the same process for bidding projects with state funds. The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
2. Competitive proposals are used for all fixed price or cost reimbursement contracts over \$250,000 for which sealed bids are not appropriate and must be used for architectural or engineering services. The District will publicize a request for proposal by using various advertising methods including but not limited to, radio, internet, or newspapers. The District will evaluate proposals in order to award the contract to the most advantageous proposal when considering cost and other factors. The District will evaluate proposals by a score sheet or similar instrument that pertains to that specific project or purchase.

#### Noncompetitive Procurement

Noncompetitive procurement can only be awarded if one or more of the following circumstances apply;

1. The aggregate amount does not exceed the established micro-purchase threshold;

2. the goods or services are only available from a single source;
3. a public exigency or emergency exists;
4. the applicable pass-through entity expressly authorizes a noncompetitive procurement in response to a written request from the District or
5. after solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate.

All solicitations:

1. Include clear and accurate description on the technical requirements for the material, product or service to be procured. This description sets forth the minimum and essential characteristics the material, product or service must meet.
2. Will not contain specifications that unduly restrict competition.
3. Identify all requirements offerors must fulfil and all other factors to be used in evaluating bids or proposals.

The District also complies with all fund specific obligations. The District includes the following clauses in contracts when required for the fund type:

1. equal employment opportunity
2. termination for cause and convenience
3. contract work hours/safety standards
4. Davis Bacon Act provisions
5. rights to inventions made under a contract
6. debarment and suspension
7. Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment language.

To the extent required by law, the District shall require that the person awarded a contract satisfy the bonding requirements set forth in the applicable Federal regulations.

The District maintains records to verify selection of procurement type and compliance with applicable procurement requirements.

For Food Service Related Purchases the following requirements will apply:

1. In accordance with 7 CFR 210.21(d), all purchases will ensure to comply with the “Buy American” requirements, where agricultural commodities are produced in the United States and where food products that are processed in the United States are substantially made using agricultural products that are produced in the United States.
2. The District will ensure that all contracts, bids, and proposals used in support of the Child Nutrition Programs contain language outlining the requirements in 7 CFR 210.21(d).
3. The District will take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women’s business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible in accordance with 2 CFR 200.321.

[Approval date: June 18, 2002]

(Revision date effective: July 1, 2018 approved October 2, 2018)

(Revision date: May 7, 2019)

(Revision date: September 21, 2021)

## CREDIT CARDS

The Board recognizes the efficiency and convenience afforded the day-to-day operation of the District through the use of credit cards under the supervision of the Treasurer. However, credit cards are not to be used to circumvent the general purchasing procedures required by State law and Board policies.

The Board authorizes the Treasurer to review available credit card accounts to determine which account and account provider best meets the needs of the District. The Treasurer will determine how many accounts, cards and checks are to be issued, and establish a process for credit card reissuance or cancellation.

1. The District name must appear on each card and/or check associated with the credit card account. The maximum credit card account limit is \$5,000.00. The Treasurer provides an annual report to the Board detailing all rewards received based on use of the credit card account.
2. The Board appoints a compliance officer who reviews the number of cards and accounts issued, the number of active cards and accounts issued, and the card and account expiration dates and credit limits at least once every six months. The Treasurer cannot serve as the compliance officer. The compliance officer cannot authorize an individual to use the credit card. The compliance officer cannot use the credit card account except when the compliance officer is the Superintendent. If the Superintendent is the compliance officer and the Board has authorized the Superintendent to use the credit card, the Treasurer/designee must monthly review the credit card transaction detail and sign attestation to the review.
3. Credit cards may only be used by the following individuals: Superintendent, Principals, Supervisors, or any other district employee who has first received a purchase order properly approved and presents that purchase order to a Central Office staff member and signs out a credit card for their purchase and returns the credit card to a Central Office staff member immediately after use.
4. Credit cards may be used for District-related transportation, reservations and expenses, conference registrations and hotel reservation guarantees for the Board and staff. Such expenses are subject to the reimbursement limits established by the Board or Negotiated Agreement.
5. If monies are budgeted and deposited with the Treasurer in advance, credit cards may be used by school employees for student trips and competitions for safety and security reasons.
6. With prior approval of the Treasurer, credit cards may be used by school employees for school-related purchases from a vendor who does not accept purchase orders or vouchers.

7. Gratuities are permissible only when card use is for group purchases and the tip is automatically added to the bill.
8. All credit card statements are sent directly to the Treasurer's office. The Treasurer keeps a record of all credit card use.
9. Receipts and appropriate form(s) are to be turned in with the credit card to the Treasurer within ten business days upon completion of approved use. Receipts for meals must include the names of all individuals for whom meals were provided and the purpose of the meeting if more than one individual participated. Failure to turn in receipts and appropriate form(s) to the Treasurer within the required timeframe may result in the charges being deemed unrelated or unsubstantiated. The user is responsible for any unsubstantiated or unrelated purchases. Any late fees assessed to the District due to an employee failing to submit invoices and credit card receipts on a timely basis are the responsibility of the employee.
10. All authorized users must immediately report loss or theft of the District credit card to the Treasurer who will immediately contact the credit card issuer.

The use of the credit card for the following items is considered unauthorized use and classified as credit card misuse:

1. expenditures not specifically authorized by this policy;
2. purchase of personal goods or services for an administrator, an administrator's spouse, children or anyone employed or not employed by the Board and attending a District business function;
3. payment of any fines, penalties or personal liabilities incurred by the administrator or anyone else;
4. alcoholic beverages or tobacco;
5. fuel for use in a personal vehicle unless previous authorization has been obtained from the Treasurer;
6. entertainment expenses, including pay-per-view movie charges and/or
7. cash advances.

Persons using a credit card for personal, nonauthorized purposes or undocumented expenditures shall be held personally responsible for those expenditures. Misuse of the credit card is subject to disciplinary procedures, including termination. An employee or officer of the Board who knowingly misuses a District credit card account also is in violation of State criminal law.

[Adoption date: June 20, 2006]  
(Revision date: October 2, 2018)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.21; 9.22  
2913.21  
3313.311

CROSS REFS.: DJ, Purchasing  
DLC, Expense Reimbursement  
GCL, Professional Staff Development Opportunities  
GDL, Support Staff Development Opportunities

## PAYMENT PROCEDURES

All claims for payment from District funds are processed by the Treasurer. Payment is authorized against invoices and supporting documents verifying receipt, supported by approved purchase orders or in accordance with salaries and salary schedules approved by the Board.

As an operating procedure, the Board has adopted an annual resolution authorizing payment by the Treasurer for debts or claims. The Board receives a list of bills paid the previous month.

The Treasurer is responsible for ensuring that appropriate allocations are observed and that total expenditures do not exceed the amounts appropriated for all items.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.18  
3315.08  
5705.38 thru 5705.412

CROSS REFS.: DJ, Purchasing  
DLB, Salary Deductions



## SALARY DEDUCTIONS

Except for deductions for absence not covered by paid leave or those required by law, salary deductions are allowed only upon authorization by the employee and approval by the Board.

The following deductions are required:

1. Federal, State and local income tax;
2. employee's share of retirement contribution according to current rate as set by law;
3. unexcused or excused absence not covered by paid leave and
4. Medicare deduction in compliance with Federal law.

If requested by employees, the Board will implement payroll deductions for the Ohio Deferred Compensation Program. Other deductions are in accordance with negotiated agreements and/or Board policy.

The District may limit the right of an individual employee to designate the agent, broker or company to write tax-sheltered annuities by requiring designation by at least one percent of the District's full-time employees or at least five, whichever is greater, except that a District may not require that a company be designated by more than 50 employees.

When a teacher is absent from duty and there is no leave applicable, the absence is unauthorized. The salary deduction for each day of unauthorized absence is based on the current annual salary divided by the number of teacher workdays in the official school calendar as adopted by the Board. In no case will only the salary of the substitute be deducted or a teacher be allowed to employ and pay for the substitute.

When an employee is absent from duty and there is no leave applicable, the absence is unauthorized. The salary deduction for an unauthorized absence is made on a per diem basis in accordance with the required work year for that particular job classification.

Unauthorized absences should not occur. Repeated unauthorized absences can result in the teacher or other employee being disciplined.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.40 thru 9.43; 9.45; 9.80; 9.81; 9.90; 9.91  
145.37; 145.71-145.73  
148.04  
3307.51  
3313.262  
3315.08  
3917.04

CROSS REFS.: DK, Payment Procedures  
GCBD, Professional Staff Leaves and Absences  
GDBD, Support Staff Leaves and Absences

CONTRACT REF.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement

## EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS

District personnel or officials who incur expenses in carrying out their authorized duties are reimbursed by the District upon submission of a properly filled out and approved voucher with such supporting receipts as required by the administrative regulations. Such expenses may be approved and incurred within the limits of budgetary allocations for the specific type of expense.

When official travel by a personally owned vehicle has been authorized, mileage payment is made at the rate currently approved by the Board and within the limitations of Federal law.

A traveler on official school business is expected to exercise the same care in incurring expenses that a prudent person would exercise in traveling on personal business. Excessive costs, such as those caused by circuitous routes or luxury services or accommodations, are not considered prudent, nor are they accepted for reimbursement.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.12; 3313.20  
3315.15

CROSS REF.: GCL, Professional Staff Development Opportunities

## EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS

The following regulations relate to travel and other types of reimbursable expenses:

1. **Travel Requests:** These must be submitted through the appropriate administrators to the Superintendent seven days prior to a Board meeting, if possible, and 30 days in advance if out of state.
2. **Transportation:** All modes of transportation will be authorized consistent with the requirements of the assignment and the efficient and economic conduct of official business. Travel will be by the most direct route.
  - A. **Public Conveyance:** Round-trip tickets should be purchased if these offer a price advantage.
  - B. **Automobile:** Reimbursement will be made at the negotiated rate per mile. This is the maximum rate regardless of the number of passengers. Parking charges in reasonable amounts, as well as toll road, toll bridge and ferry charges, are reimbursable. Operators of personal automobiles must have a valid driver's license and certification from an insurance carrier for liability insurance coverage.
  - C. **Local Transportation:** Local transportation such as taxicabs, airport limousines and buses may be used when justified. Justification must be given on the travel voucher.
  - D. **Car Rentals:** Rental cars may be used only in cases of emergencies or when no other means of public transportation is practicable. Emergencies may include cancelled airline flights or change in destination due to inclement weather or other circumstances; disabled personal automobile; disruption of other means of transportation.
3. **Subsistence**
  - A. **Lodging:** Any person on official business who must provide lodging for himself/herself in connection with that business will be entitled to reimbursement for the cost of a single room (not to exceed the amount in the negotiated agreement unless approved in advance by the Superintendent) at the hotel of his/her choice. The District will only pay for the employee at the single rate.
  - B. **Meals:** Meals consumed by any person on official business will be reimbursed according to the negotiated agreement.

(Approval date: June 18, 2002)

## CASH IN SCHOOL BUILDINGS

Monies collected by employees and by student treasurers are handled with prudent business procedures, in order to demonstrate the ability of employees to operate in that fashion and to teach such procedures to our students.

State law requires a proper receipting and depositing of all public monies. Therefore, all monies collected are receipted, accounted for and deposited every day, if possible. Specifically, if the money collected:

1. exceeds \$1,000, it must be deposited on the next business day or placed in a safe or
2. does not exceed \$1,000, it must be deposited the next business day or placed in a safe place to be deposited within three business days.

In no case shall more than \$10 be left overnight in unsecured areas of school buildings. The Treasurer provides for making bank deposits after regular banking hours in order to avoid leaving money in a school building overnight.

[Adoption date: June 18, 2002]  
(Revised date: March 15, 2005)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 9.38  
3313.291

CROSS REFS.: DH, Bonded Employees and Officers  
DJB, Petty Cash Accounts  
IGDG, Student Activities Funds Management  
KMA, Relations with Parent Organizations  
KMB, Relations with Booster Organizations

## SCHOOL PROPERTIES DISPOSAL

The Board believes that the efficient administration of the District requires disposition of property and goods no longer necessary for the maintenance of the educational program or operation of the District.

The Board recognizes that most unused property of the District has value and that it may be practical to retain such property for a period of time. Once property is no longer needed for school purposes currently or in the future, it should be slated for disposal at the Superintendent's discretion. State law governs the retention and method of disposal of the Board's property. Property and goods purchased with federal funds also are subject to the disposal requirements outlined in the Uniform Guidance issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Therefore, the Board follows the procedures required by the various statutes governing the disposal of real or personal property.

The Board follows the procedures set forth in State and Federal law for the disposal of real or personal property at the minimum dollar value set forth in the statute on the date the Board decides to dispose of the property. The Board is required to offer its real property for sale to all community schools, college-preparatory boarding schools, STEM and STEAM schools for the period of time set forth in law. High-performing community schools as defined by State law, are given first priority. If a high-performing community school is not interested in buying the property, the Board then proceeds with offers to purchase from other start-up community schools operating in the District, college-preparatory boarding schools, STEM and STEAM schools located within the territory of the District. If no community school, college-preparatory boarding school, STEM or STEAM school is interested in buying the property, the Board may sell its real or personal property at a public auction, following specific statutory requirements if the property exceeds \$10,000 in value. If this statutory threshold is changed by the legislature, the Board and administration's responsibility changes automatically to reflect the new minimum statutory dollar value.

The Board directs the periodic review of all District property and authorizes the disposition by sale, donation, trade or discard of any property not required for school purposes.

The District complies with State law regarding the sale or lease of unused school facilities to high-performing community schools, community schools, college-preparatory boarding schools, STEM and STEAM schools.

### Disposal of Property Valued at Less than the Dollar Value Set Forth in State Law

For the disposal of property which is not governed by Federal law, the Ohio Revised Code or administrative regulations, the administration is required to follow these procedures:

1. The Superintendent determines that the value of the property is less than the value set forth in State and Federal law when applicable. The property is valued pursuant to a reasonable method as determined by the Superintendent.
2. The Board is notified when real or personal property is no longer needed for school purposes and directs that the property be sold.
3. The Superintendent sells the property to a start-up community school or by bids, general sale, negotiated sale or by trade as determined by the Superintendent or the Board on an individual basis.

[Adoption date: June 19, 2007]  
(Revision date: August 15, 2017)  
(Revision date: December 19, 2017)

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 131.09  
3313.17; 3313.37; 3313.40; 3313.41; 3313.411; 3313.413  
3314.051  
5705.10  
2 C.F.R. Part 200

CROSS REFS.: DECA, Administration of Federal Grant Funds  
FL, Retirement of Facilities